

# THE LATEST FROM GEN. MCLELLAN'S ADVANCE.

More Severe Fighting Between McClellan and the Rebels—The Rebels Defeated—The Movement on West Point—Terrible Battle on Wednesday—Our Loss 300 Killed and Wounded—The Rebels Routed with Great Slaughter—Intense Alarm at Norfolk—Burnside Reported Moving on Weldon, N. C.—Evacuation of Sewell's and Pig Point Batteries—More About the Williamsburg Battle—Retreat of the Rebels Across James River—From Hampton Roads The Fight on Thursday—Graphic Details.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—The American's Fort Monroe correspondent furnishes the following.

I learn by steamer from Yorktown, that Gen. McClellan has advanced twelve miles beyond Williamsburg, and has had several skirmishes with the enemy, routing them with heavy loss. The embarkation of troops for West Point was progressing with great rapidity, and a heavy battle had taken place on Wednesday afternoon, between the troops under Gens. Franklin and Sedgwick, and the rebels under Lee, who were endeavoring to make their way to Richmond.

It is said to have been the severest battle on the Peninsula, and the rebels were totally defeated and flanked, being driven back towards the force under General Johnson on the Chickahominy.

The whole number of the Federals killed and wounded was 300. The enemy were driven back by our gunboats with great slaughter. They had not less than 30,000 men, whilst our whole force was not over 20,000. Had it not been for the gunboats they would have been defeated.

Desertions from the enemy report there was great excitement at Norfolk this morning; that Gen. Burnside, with a large force, is within a few miles of Weldon, and that the rebel troops are evacuating the city at all possible speed.

Sewell's and Pig Points, they say, are already abandoned, and preparations are making to destroy the navy yard and other public property.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—The special correspondent of the American sends the following, relative to the affairs in Hampton Roads and the Peninsula.

Four MONROE, May 8.—This has been a most stirring and exciting day at Old Point, and all are anticipating the early fall of Norfolk.

At 11 o'clock the steamer Nantux was observed raising steam, and about 1 o'clock she moved out by the side of the Monitor, which vessel also cleared her deck for action, taking down her awning and stood forth in full fighting trim.

11:30.—The gunboat Decatur has just moved up in line of battle, together with the sloop-of-war Seminole and San Jacinto. The flag-ship Minnesota was also under steam.

12 o'clock, M.—The Naugatuck has moved up toward the Elizabeth river, followed by the Monitor and Decatur, in line of battle. The San Jacinto followed slowly. Heavy firing can still be heard in the direction of James river, where you have already been informed by telegraph, the Helena and other gunboats have gone. The Susquehanna has just gone up.

In the meantime the Decatur, Monitor and Naugatuck had reached the channel, and taken the position of Sewell's Point, and the Decatur fired a shot toward Craney Island. A second shot from the Decatur struck the beach at Sewell's Point.

12:30.—The Susquehanna moves up and takes the lead of the San Jacinto and Seminole. No answer from either of the rebel forts, and the Decatur and Seminole are steaming up Elizabeth river. The Naugatuck is lying off toward the north of the James river.—Presently the Decatur and Monitor approach Craney Island and Sewell's Point. The Decatur fires every few minutes alternately at Sewell's Point and Craney Island, the enemy making no reply, although the balls reach their intended destination. The Monitor is now taking the lead. In the meantime the Seminole and Susquehanna open on Sewell's Point, and two shots are fired from the point, the latter falling short of the Monitor, which is now a mile above the other vessels.

12:40.—The rebels are firing rapidly from Sewell's Point, principally at the Monitor, while a succession of shells are being poured on the enemy from the Susquehanna, Decatur, Seminole, and San Jacinto in broadside after broadside. The Rip Raps also throw occasional shells into Sewell's Point.

12:50.—The Susquehanna, Decatur, San Jacinto and Seminole are pouring shells, and the Monitor threw her first two shells full a mile and a half from the Point.

1 P. M.—The Monitor is now within a mile of Sewell's Point, moving slowly forward and firing. The enemy are also firing briskly from Sewell's Point at the Monitor, and shells are falling thickly around her. Craney Island is also joining in the fight, and has just thrown several shells at the Monitor, one of which exploded directly over her. The Monitor moved steadily forward, occasionally firing and receiving shells and shot from the rebel battery with perfect indifference.

2 o'clock.—The Monitor has fallen back, and lays alongside of the Susquehanna, probably for the purpose of communicating with her. The Naugatuck, in the meantime, has been throwing shells into Pig Point, and the flat has also thrown a number of shells in the same direction.

1:15 P. M.—The Monitor and Decatur are moving along again slowly up the mouth of the Elizabeth river.—A dense black smoke has commenced

to arise from Sewell's Point, indicating that our incendiary shells thrown there have fired the barracks.

The Decatur continues to throw her shells directly into the point. The vessels by constantly changing position destroy the range of the rebel gunners. They are, however, making quite a determined fight from their works, giving shell for shell and shot for shot.—The Monitor has laid out of action for nearly an hour, and is probably cooling her guns. The Rip Rap battery has the range of Sewell's Point perfectly.

2:45 P. M.—The Merrimac now makes her appearance on the scene.—She has just passed from behind Sewell's Point, and is slowly running down toward the Federal fleet. Simultaneously with the appearance of the Merrimac the Monitor started from behind the wooden vessels, and moved up to meet the enemy. The larger vessels have drawn aside and left. The Monitor and Naugatuck are now in the approaching path of the Merrimac.

The most of the fleet had been lying quietly at anchor for the last half hour, when the signal from the flag-ship, ordered them all to return. The Susquehanna leads the way, followed by the San Jacinto, Seminole, Decatur and the Monitor bringing up the rear—all apparently using the greatest speed toward the fort. To the spectators this seemed rather mortifying, but as they moved down in line the Monitor was seen to halt and the San Jacinto and Decatur also followed her example, leaving the Susquehanna and Seminole moving ahead.

The four steamers and the Monitor having taken their position, the Merrimac also halted, and the five vessels stood thus, not more than a mile and a half apart; the Merrimac apparently unwilling to come further down, and the Monitor unwilling to go further up. The Minnesota also steamed up in front of the Fort Monroe wharf, followed slowly by the Vanderbilt, down the river.

After laying in this position, the Minnesota turned round and steamed back; and the Vanderbilt, without turning, slowly backed water down the river. Whilst this maneuvering was going on, firing had entirely ceased from all points.

3:30.—The Merrimac now turns round and steams back toward Norfolk, with her rebel flag flying. The Decatur again proceeds up toward the Merrimac, and the Monitor starts toward the mouth of the Elizabeth river.

The Decatur is now within easy range of Sewell's Point, but the batteries there do not open on her. She and the Monitor have both stopped, and the Merrimac is lying stationary about a mile from the Craney Island batteries. Here commenced an important movement, which can't be made public just yet.

The Vanderbilt and Arago have now steamed up in front of the wharf. The Merrimac has run back under the guns of Craney Island, and the Monitor is steaming off toward her at full speed. The Minnesota is also coming up again at full speed, the effort being to draw the rebels out again.

For the past two hours the fleet has been moving back and forward, but the Merrimac still lies under the guns of Craney Island. The Minnesota, Arago and Vanderbilt have gone back to their anchorage, and there is no prospect of a fight to-night. The troops are going on board the transports, and the war vessels, including the Monitor, have all returned to their anchorage.

For the Gallipolis Journal.

DEER KAPTING.—There appears to be a Arrepressible conflict going on in this Her Villig between the gals and the Boys about the Sogers. Now between me and you, Kaping, it is about time it was attended to. The Home pets, deer yard rangers, &c., &c., as the gals call them, appear to be so torably in earnest, it wont never do to let them take one. We must explain things, Kaping. We understand the matter. It is your duty to let the Boys enter the merits of the case. Me and you is married, Kaping, and of koorse we git behind the kurtin once in a while. We can be considered impartial judges of this matter. The gals, deer creators, don't keer for us; they think we won't let, you know. They say what they please, just as much when were around as if we wasn't there. But these is war times, Kaping, and the men is gitin killed and dien off mity fast, and of koorse they'll want more, and they'll have to be got here at Home where the men is. Now, Kaping, it will never do for us all to go to war (but for all the gude you are doing, Kaping, you mite as well), and the gals noze that. So you can tell the Kumpany from what we have found out as married men, and from what the girls say themselves, they was only koking; that the girls themselves think that it is the duty of some of the yung men to stay at Home in view of the possibility of a war in the futur. We node all the time the deer creators was only in fun. We didn't tell the Boys, but we ought to have done it, Kaping. We never got mad Kaping. We was proud of belonging to the Home gards. Didn't we dare Ginkins to come here? Didn't we stay out all nite and wach for him; (you needn't say anything about it, Kaping, but I was glad he didn't come.) Didn't we take the shine out of the old dads.—It is true we didn't have any Brass Buttons or fancy close. You had an old rusty sode, but I spose you didn't want to sipe a new one with the blade of a secheber.

I was one of Harper's Zoovars, and I've been out to transe, I've felt that swelling of the Hart I ne'er shall feel agane. The girls liked us, Kaping, and if I was a girl, and had a bow for a sologer who'd go, do you think I'd say no. Not I.

No. 7 HARPER ZOOVARS.

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# CINCINNATI MARKET.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 10.

WHEAT.—There is no change in the general aspect of the market, since our last; the demand is quite light, and there is a good deal of irregularity in prices. \$4 10/16 15 are the nominal quotations for superfine, we may say, adding the remark that much cannot be bought or sold at them, however. 175 bbls extra sold at \$4.25, and 90 do fancy at \$4.40.

PROVISIONS.—A good demand for Mess Pork, and 1000 bbls sold at \$10 75 for country, and \$11 for city. Bulk Meats are held very firmly at 35c and 55c, but buyers are not willing to pay these rates, hence nothing done. 70,000 lbs Shoulders sold last evening at 23c, and 150 Hams at 43c. Lard in good demand at 7 1/2c, and good country lard easily at this rate. Bacon Sides would bring 6c.

WHEAT.—A continued dull market, and we have to report a further decline of 2c per bush, the market closing bid at 90 3/4c for prime red, and 95 3/4c for prime white. The only sales reported were 300 bush choice red at 92c, and 300 bush good do at 89c.

CORN.—The market rules firmer, with a good demand and light receipts. We quote extra and shelled at 35c in bulk; 2500 bush shelled, in sacks, on the landing, sold at 36c, sacks returned, and 5000 do ear, at 37c, at 35c.

OATS.—The demand is fair, and the market steady at 36c in bulk, with sales of 1200 bush at this price. The receipts were large to-day, but they were chiefly of the kind that had been bought to arrive.

HAY.—An improved demand, and prices are higher, the market closing firm at \$14 1/2 per ton for loose pressed, and \$16 for tight baled, on arrival.

# CINCINNATI, PARKERSBURG AND HARRISBURG WEEKLY PACKET.

THE NEW, FAST AND SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL PASSENGER PACKET!

Connects at C. & O. Parkersburg with all Eastern Railways and Northern Cities. Also, with Mail Packets for Wheeling and Pittsburgh. Also, connects at Cincinnati with Mail Packets and Fast Railways for the West and South.

# IZETTA

IN PLACE OF THE CRICKET No. 2, CAPT. S. B. HEMPSTEAD.

UNCLE JOE ROSS, CLERK. Will arrive and depart as follows:

LEAVES PARKERSBURG EVERY SATURDAY, 6 P. M.

LEAVES CINCINNATI EVERY WEDNESDAY, 4 P. M.

Passage Gallipolis every Friday, at 9 o'clock A. M.

FOR FREIGHT OR PASSAGE, APPLY ON BOARD, OR TO J. FULTZ, WHARF-BOAT.

May 15, 1862.

# WANTED.

SIX good Wagon Makers and six good Blacksmiths can find employment by calling immediately at the office of the Assistant Quartermaster, Gallipolis, O.

May 8, 1862.

# WANTED.

A NUMBER of teamsters and laborers wanted to go to Gauley. \$30 per month and rations will be paid, if application is made at once. Apply to the Assistant Quartermaster's Office, Gallipolis, Ohio.

C. W. MOULTON, CAPT. & A. Q. M.

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# CITY GROCERY.

CORNER OF COURT AND THIRD STREETS.

WE have now in store a complete assortment of goods in our line, to which we invite the attention of all persons wishing to purchase, feeling satisfied that we can sell as cheap as the cheapest. To everybody, we say give us a trial, and we will guarantee satisfaction. "Terms cash."

May 1, '62.

# 1862. MACKEREL 1862.

WE are now in receipt of a large and well selected stock of New Mackerel, comprising the following:

Extra large, large, and medium; in barrels, half barrels, quarter barrels and kists. Herrings in barrels and boxes, which we will sell by wholesale and retail, at prices to suit.

April 24, '62.

# Provisions.

Extra Sugar Hams, canvassed and plain; Bacon Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Bologna, &c.

May 1, '62.

# Chocolate.

WE have a very superior article of Chocolate, to which we invite the attention of consumers.

May 1, '62.

# Ground Coffee.

3 1/2 lb, 2 lb, 1 lb, and 1/2 lb packages, for sale by

May 1, '62.

# Teas.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, and Oolong Teas, of best choice, and of any quantity.

May 1, '62.

# Grocer's Drugs.

SODA, Saleratus, and Cr. Tartar of the very best quality.

May 1, '62.

# Tobacco.

BRIGHT pounds, various quantities; Dark sweet pot, and

May 1, '62.

# Cigars.

A LARGE assortment of Havanas; German and domestic manufacture. All tastes suited.

May 1, '62.

# DR. J. FLETCHER'S EYE INFIRMARY.

GALLIPOLIS.

I WOULD say to those persons afflicted with inflammation of the Eye, that I have opened an Infirmary in Gallipolis for the purpose of treating the above disease. My plan of treatment being entirely different from that generally adopted by the Profession, I feel confident in saying that it will prove successful in all cases, unless the Eye has become so disorganized from the effects of disease or erroneous treatment, as to be beyond the reach of remedies. Persons from a distance can get board at a reasonable rate convenient to my office.

OFFICE—Greenwood's building, on Second street, near Gallipolis Foundry.

May 1, 1862.

# Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Gallia County, ss.

PURSUANT to the command of an order of sale issued from the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Gallia, State of Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale at the door of the court house in the town of Gallipolis, in said county of Gallia, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1862, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, the following real estate, situate in said county of Gallia, and described as follows: The east half of the southeast quarter of section number six, (6) in township number six, (6) of range number sixteen, (16) of the district of lands subject to sale at Chillicothe, Ohio, containing eighty acres, more or less, with the appurtenances. To be sold subject to the dower estate of Susan Lewis, therein described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of said tract of land, and running thence east fifteen rods; thence north eighty rods; thence west fifteen rods; thence south eighty rods to the place of beginning; containing seven and one half acres, more or less, be the same more or less.

Also, subject to the dower estate of Susan Lewis, therein described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of said tract of land, and running thence east fifteen rods; thence north eighty rods; thence west fifteen rods; thence south eighty rods to the place of beginning; containing seven and one half acres, more or less, be the same more or less.

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# NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

JUST received, a lot of New Goods selected with care, and suitable for summer use, which will be sold at the lowest living prices. Call and see for yourselves.

S. P. NEAL, Gallipolis, April 24th, 1862.

# MOSES FRANK'S CLOTHING BAZAAR, AND EMPORIUM.

CORNER OF THIRD AND COURT STREETS, GALLIPOLIS.

I offer to my friends, and those who can appreciate fine goods, a large stock of fresh SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, at prices 30 per cent cheaper than any other clothing house in this place. I buy wholly for cash, and can afford to sell at lower rates of profit. Try me, and verify it for yourselves.

My stock is too extensive to particularize in an advertisement.

Gentlemen will find in my house every article in the Clothing line, from a pair of cotton hose to the finest cloth found in any market.

My workmen are first class—none other employed. The best cutter in the State on hand at all hours, and one who is "death on fits."

Military clothing of every kind, furnished on the shortest notice, and warranted to fit or no sale. I sell, not below, but right on the corner of Third and Court streets. If you want the worth of your money. No "gas" kept about the house—no "apertis."

Said President Lincoln, to General Scott. "One question of moment must not be forgot. Not a question of dollars for sharp financiers. But what all we do with the brave volunteers."

The General said with a soldierly wink. "Why the fact, I hardly know which way to think. The greatly vexed question of the clothing ration. Has fortably bothered the heads of the nation."

The President said "I have hit on a plan. Which concerns the volunteer's outer man. Howsoever their condition has truly been bad. They'll never be decent, till decently clad."

Let us get them some garments in which they can feel. That they really are soldiers, and really genteel. And I think the best thing deserving their thanks.

Is to purchase their clothes at Moses Frank's. Said the General, "Yes—and suppose you do it."

Set out for the same institution, and buy The very best clothes, in the world for ourselves.

I know we will find them on Moses Frank's shelves."

April 17, 1862—4f.

# 1862. 1862. SPRING DRY GOODS.

PRICES REDUCED.

J. F. TOWELL, WHOLESALE DEALER IN DRY GOODS! PORTSMOUTH, OHIO.

I AM NOW OPENING AN IMMENSE stock of Fresh Dry Goods, Hats and Yarns. Notice, purchased principally for cash, since the late decline. All cash buyers in the surrounding counties are invited to examine goods and prices before visiting the cities, as I can and will sell low.

J. F. TOWELL, April 17, 1862—4f.

# Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Gallia County, ss.

PURSUANT to the command of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Gallia, State of Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer at public sale, on the premises, in the Village of Harrisburg, in said county of Gallia, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1862, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, the following Village Lots, in said Village of Harrisburg, in said county of Gallia, known and numbered on the recorded Plat of said Village, as follows:

Village Lot No. 8—Appraised at the sum of \$25 00.

Village Lot No. 9—Appraised at the sum of \$40 00.

Village Lot No. 10—Appraised at the sum of \$25 00.

Village Lot No. 11—Appraised at the sum of \$10 00.

Village Lot No. 12—Appraised at the sum of \$8 00.

Village Lot No. 13—Appraised at the sum of \$8 00.

Village Lot No. 15—Appraised at the sum of \$20 00.

Village Lot No. 20—Appraised at the sum of \$27 00.

Village Lot No. 22—Appraised at the sum of \$9 00.

Village Lot No. 23—Appraised at the sum of \$10 00.

Village Lot No. 24—Appraised at the sum of \$10 00.

Village Lot No. 26—Appraised at the sum of \$8 00.

Village Lot No. 27—Appraised at the sum of \$10 00.

Village Lot No. 30—Appraised at the sum of \$15 00.

Village Lot No. 31—Appraised at the sum of \$30 00.

Village Lot No. 32—Appraised at the sum of \$5 00.

Village Lot No. 33—Appraised at the sum of \$7 00.

Village Lot No. 34—Appraised at the sum of \$7 00.

Village Lot No. 35—Appraised at the sum of \$3 00.

Village Lot No. 36—Appraised at the sum of \$17 00.

To be sold under proceeding for Partition, in the case of Arthur W. Warner, et al. against the heirs of Samuel McCarty, et al.

Given under my hand, this 8th day of May, A. D. 1862.—5f

JAMES CAMPBELL, S. G. C.

# GROCERY, LIQUOR, AND PROVISION STORE.

I HAVE opened in the brick building known as Ward's corner, on the Public Square, in Gallipolis, a large and extensive assortment of

GROCERIES of every description, either for private families, or Steamboats. In this line I defy competition, both as to quality and price.

The choicest assortment of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Cheese, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

LIQUORS of every description, quality and price.—Old Eye Whisky, which I warrant pure under analysis, of the finest flavor. Brandy, Gin, Rum, Wine of all description, and all kinds of made liquors—as Ginger Brandy and Wine, Blackberry Brandy, &c.

Call in at the corner of Court and Second streets, on the south side of the Public Square, in Gallipolis, if